finale®

QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE FOR MACINTOSH®

Thank you for purchasing Finale 2011.

We'd like to take this opportunity to welcome you to the world's most widely used family of music notation software, and offer our assistance in getting started. This guide is intended to visually demonstrate how to accomplish common tasks quickly and easily, and point you to additional helpful resources should you need them. Thanks again for your support and best wishes with your music!



Quick Reference Guide for Macintosh

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Getting Started

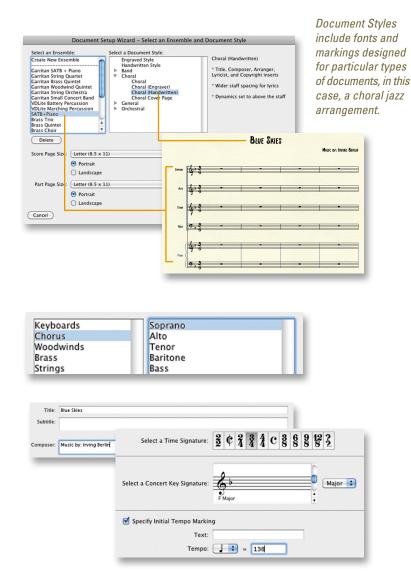
A. Using the Document Setup Wizard

Finale's *Document Setup Wizard* is usually the fastest way to begin a new score. The pages in this wizard allow you to quickly specify all the basic score elements.

- 1 From the File menu, choose New > Document with Setup Wizard.
- Choose the Ensemble and Document Style and click Next.
- 3 Select your instruments and click **Next**.
- On pages 3 and 4, choose the desired score elements, and click **Finish**.

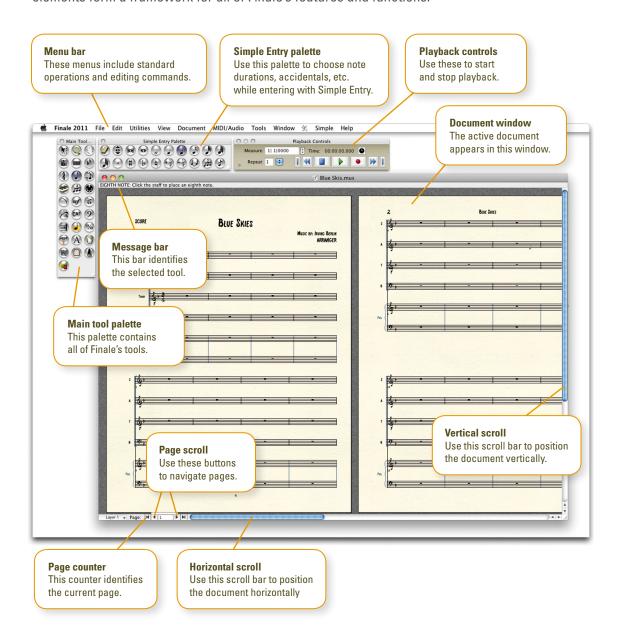
Pages 3 and 4 allow you to specify the:

- Title
- Credits and copyright
- Key signature
- Time signature
- Tempo indication
- Pickup measure
- · Number of measures



Finale Screen View

When you open a new score, the following menus, palettes, and controls appear. These elements form a framework for all of Finale's features and functions.



Search for "Setup Wizard" in the User Manual for details

1 GETTING STARTED MACINTOSH MACINTOSH MACINTOSH FINALE SCREEN VIEW

Navigating Your Music

Getting the best view of your score in progress is crucial to working with Finale efficiently.

A. Choosing a view

The two main views in Finale are Page View and Scroll View. From the View menu, choose Scroll View or Page View.



Page View

displays your music exactly as it will appear on the printed page. Use this view for system and page layout.



Scroll View

displays your music in one continuous horizontal system, free from page constraints.

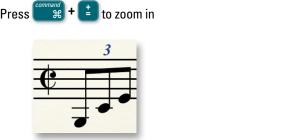




B. To Zoom In and Zoom Out Q



You can find zoom commands under the **View** menu, but to save time, use keyboard shortcuts.





To zoom in and out using your mouse cursor:



For more, search "Zoom" in the User Manual,

C. To Drag the Visible Score Region



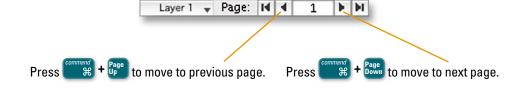
Use Finale's **Hand Grabber** tool to reposition your view of the score.

+ click and drag to move the score.

Search for "Hand Grabber" in the User Manual for more information.

D. To Switch Pages

In Page View, use the arrow buttons in the lower left corner of your screen to navigate between pages. Or, use the keystrokes listed here:



Search for "Page View" in the User Manual for more information.

Search "Views" in the User Manual for more details

Entering the Music: Simple Entry 处

- 1 Click the Simple Entry tool .
- Observe the Simple menu (a) at the top of your screen. You will use this menu to change settings and refer to keyboard shortcuts.
- Observe the Simple Entry palette (b), which you will use to specify note durations and other note properties.

- a. 🔑 Simple Help
- Simple Entry Palette

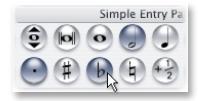
 Simple Entry Palette

 Simple Entry Palette

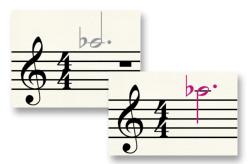
 Simple Entry Palette

A. To enter notes with your mouse

- Click the note duration in the Simple Entry palette, as well as the accidental, tie, tuplet, or grace note.
- Position your mouse cursor where you would like to enter the note.
- 3 Click to enter the note. Finale flips the stem direction when appropriate.



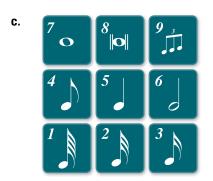
Tip: Double-click one of these tools to de-select all other tools in the Simple Entry palette.



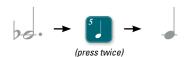
B. To enter notes with your mouse and computer keyboard

Use your *numeric keypad* (c) to choose note durations before you click them in. Use the image to the right as a guide. To remove extra tools, double-press as shown below.

Notebook users, use the "Laptop Shortcut Table" to improve the efficiency of your smaller keyboard. Choose Simple > Simple Entry Options and click Edit Keyboard Shortcuts. Under Keyboard Shortcut Set, click the Select popup menu and choose Laptop Shortcut Table.

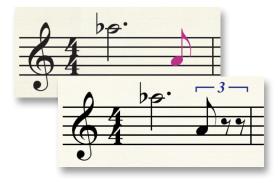






To select only the duration and remove the dot and flat.

Enter a note and then press 9 to create a triplet.





Notes are purple when you enter them, indicating they can be edited with a keystroke...



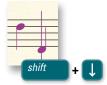
Change the duration of the note you just entered by pressing **Option**+# (1-8).

All Simple Entry keyboard shortcuts are listed under the Simple menu.

C. To type notes into the score with your computer keyboard

Using your computer keyboard to type notes into the score is faster than clicking. When you have typed the duration:

- Press Enter to activate the Simple Entry Caret, which is Finale's entry cursor.
- Use the up and down arrows to choose the pitch.
- Press Enter to enter the note.
- Or, simply type the letter of the desired pitch, 0 (zero) for a rest.
- Press Shift-down arrow to move the caret down an octave.

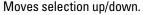


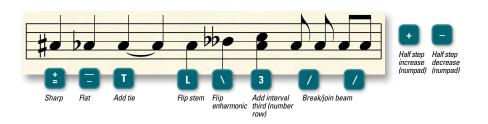












See "Simple Entry" in the User Manual for more information.

D. To play notes into the score with a MIDI keyboard

You can use your MIDI keyboard (or other MIDI device) to quickly enter notes. With the caret active, simply play the desired note or chord to add it to the score.

Check Simple > Use MIDI Device for Input, to use a MIDI keyboard for note entry.

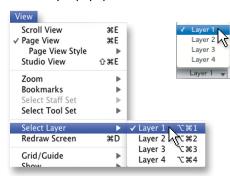


See "Speedy Entry" and "HyperScribe" in the User Manual for other ways to enter music using a MIDI keyboard.

Multiple Voices: Layers

When a second voice with a different rhythm is required within a measure, like the eighth notes shown in red below, enter the notes in a new *layer*. Each layer is a rhythmically independent voice. Simply choose the new layer and enter as you would normally.

Layers can be chosen from the **View** menu, or the layer popup at the bottom of the screen.



From the Document menu, choose Show Active Layer **Only** to work with a single layer independently.





Layers can be identified by note color.



Always use layers 1 and 2 first when notating multiple voices. Use layer1 for the higher voice. If there are three or four voices in a single staff, then use layers 3 and 4 as needed.



Show Active Layer Only allows you to edit or clear individual layers without affecting the hidden layers. (Compare to figure above). Be sure to uncheck Show Active Layer Only before printing.

See "Multiple Voices" in the User Manual for more information.

ENTERING THE MUSIC: SIMPLE ENTRY MULTIPLE VOICES: LAYERS

Playing-in Music: HyperScribe 🥯

HyperScribe® allows you to record directly from your MIDI keyboard into the score. To configure your MIDI keyboard (or other external MIDI device) for use with Finale, see "Setting up your MIDI system" in the Tutorials section of the Finale User Manual.

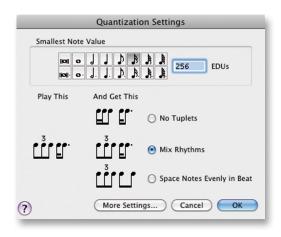
A. To record a performance

- 1 Click the HyperScribe tool 🥯
- Click a measure.
- Wait for two countoff measures and begin playing.
- When you're done, click the score to stop recording.

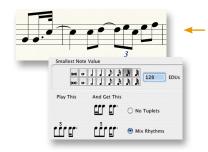
B. To set the smallest note value

Since a live performance is never perfect, Finale rounds-off your performance to the note value you choose. For example, if your piece does not include any notes shorter than an eighth note, tell Finale this by specifying eighth as the smallest note value to ensure there will not be sixteenth notes in the transcription. This setting is configured in the Quantization Settings dialog box.

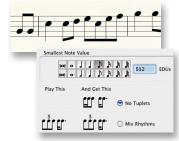




Choose MIDI/Audio > Quantization Settings to open this dialog box.

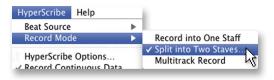


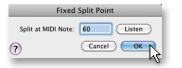
Results of your HyperScribe recording depend on the Smallest Note Value selected and other quantization settings.



C. To record into two staves

- 1 Click the HyperScribe tool 🥯
- 2 From the HyperScribe menu, choose Record Mode > Split Into Two Staves.
- 3 Enter the split point (middle C = 60) and click **OK**.
- 4 Record your performance.





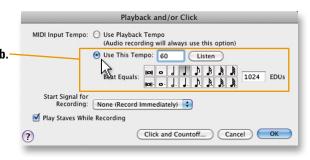
D. To change the recording tempo and countoff

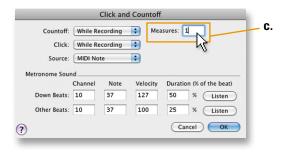
If you are transcribing a busy passage, you may want to record at a slower tempo for greater accuracy. You can do this, and make additional adjustments to aspects of your recording session in the Playback and/or Click and Click and Countoff dialog boxes.

- 1 Click the HyperScribe tool 🥞
- From the HyperScribe menu, choose

 Beat Source > Playback and/or Click (a).
- 3 Select **Use This Tempo**, and enter the desired recording tempo in the adjacent text box (b). Be sure the correct main beat duration is selected below.
- Click Click and Countoff.
- After Measures, enter the desired number of countoff measures (c).
- 6 Click **OK** twice to return to the score.







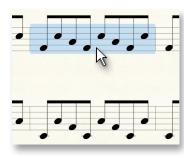
Selecting Music 🖭

The *Selection tool* is Finale's universal editing tool. It can be used to select, move, delete, copy, paste, or otherwise edit any region of measures and virtually any individual item in the score.

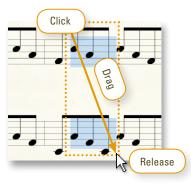
Tip: See "Selecting Music" in the User Manual for more details.

A. To select

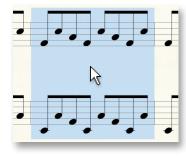
Click on the staff lines (without clicking on a note) to select a full measure. (Click only once.)



Click outside and above the staff and drag diagonally across any measure region (partial or whole measures) to select a measure region.



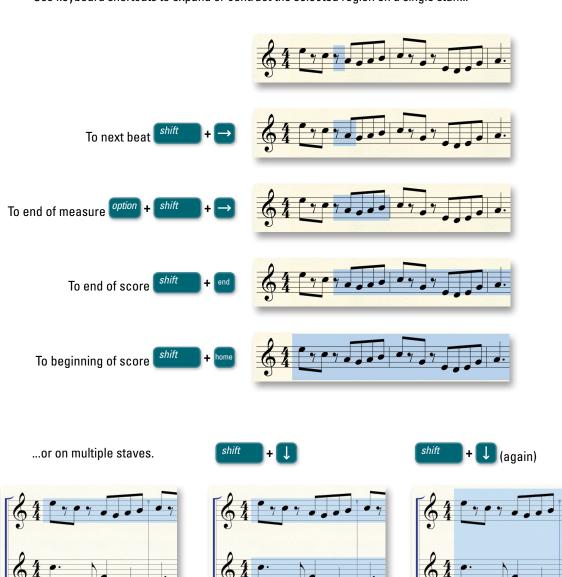
Double-click a full measure to select a measure stack. Copying measure-specific items or deleting full measures requires a stack selection.



A selected region including full measures in every staff is called a measure stack and is indicated by highlighting that extends from the top to the bottom staff, including the area between staves.

B. To expand selection

Use keyboard shortcuts to expand or contract the selected region on a single staff...



11 SELECTING MUSIC MACINTOSH MACINTOSH MACINTOSH SELECTING MUSIC 1.

Copying, Pasting, and Inserting 🖭

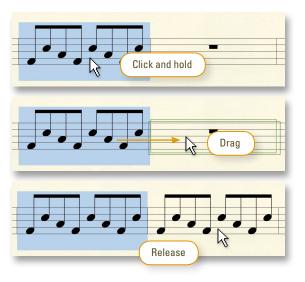
Finale offers a great deal of control over copying, inserting and pasting (replacing).

A. To drag-copy

If the source and target regions are both visible on your screen, quickly copy music by dragging the selected region.

- Click and hold
- Drag
- Release

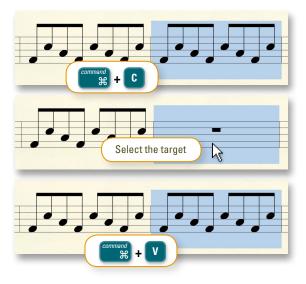
Tip: See "Copying Music" in the User Manual for more details.



B. To copy using the clipboard

If the source and target regions are not both visible on your screen, copy music to the clipboard, then paste the contents of the clipboard to the target region. Existing music is replaced.

- Select the target



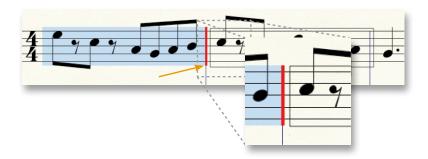
C. To insert music

When you copy and paste, Finale overwrites the content in the target region. When you insert, all subsequent music is pushed towards the end of the score, usually increasing the total number of measures.

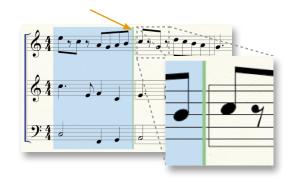


📆 🕇 🖟 click and drag to insert instead of paste.

A red insertion bar indicates the inserted music will nudge music towards the end of the score. Full measures will *not* be inserted.



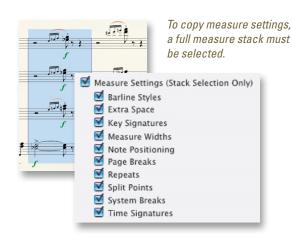
A green insertion bar appears when copying and inserting stacks. It indicates Finale will insert the full measure(s), pushing subsequent measures towards the end of the score.

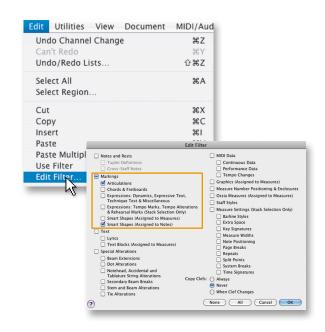


D. Filtering

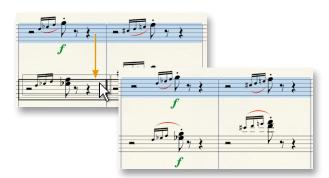
You can copy specific score elements using the Edit Filter dialog box.

- 1 From the Edit menu, choose Edit Filter.
- In the Edit Filter dialog box, check the items you want to copy. (Click None to uncheck all).
- 3 Click OK.





4 Copy the music as you would normally.





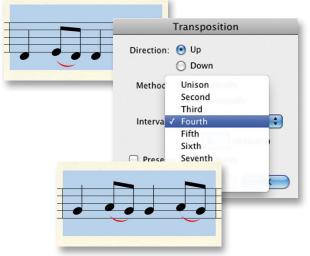
Finale uses the filter while copying whenever Use Filter is checked under the Edit menu.



Transposing 🖭

To transpose:

- 1 Click the Selection tool 🐿 .
- 2 Select a region of music.
- From the Utilities menu, choose Transpose.
- 4 Select the interval from the **Interval** popup menu.
- **5** Click **0K**.



To quickly transpose:

- 1 Click the Selection tool 🐿 .
- 2 Select a region of music.
- 3 Press...
 - 6 to transpose down a step.
 - to transpose *up a step*.
 - 8 to transpose down an octave.
 - 9 to transpose *up an octave*.



This method transposes the music diatonically within the key signature. To change the key, use the Selection tool context menu or the Key Signature tool. To configure a transposing staff, use the Staff tool.

COPYING, PASTING, AND INSERTING MACINTOSH MACINTOSH MACINTOSH TRANSPOSING

Working with Measures 🐿

A. To add measures

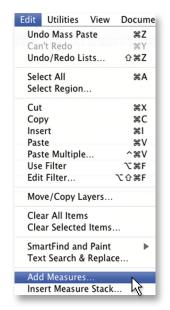
To add measures at the end of the score:

- From the Edit menu, choose Add Measures.
- Type the number of measures you would like to add.
- Click OK.

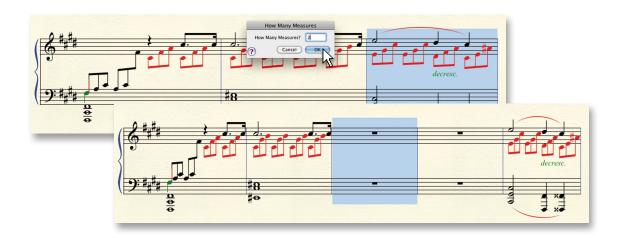
To insert measures

To insert new empty measures anywhere in the score:

- Select a measure. (Inserted measures will appear before this one.)
- From the Edit menu, choose Insert Measure Stack.
- 3 Type the number of measures you would like to Insert.
- Click OK.

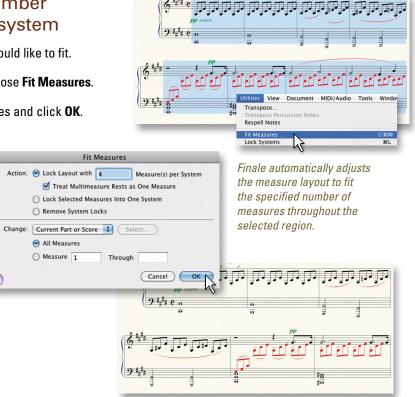






C. To fit a certain number of measures per system

- Select the measures you would like to fit.
- From the **Utilities** menu, choose **Fit Measures**.
- Type the number of measures and click **OK**.



D. To adjust the measure layout manually

You can move individual measures from one system to the next, or to the previous.

○ Measure 1

- Select the measure(s).
- *** to move to the previous. + U to move to the next system, or



Tip: See "Measure Layout" in the User Manual for more details

WORKING WITH MEASURES WORKING WITH MEASURES

Working with Staves

Use the *Staff tool* to easily insert, delete, or edit staves. When you click the Staff tool, the Staff menu appears at the top of your screen. The following instructions assume the Staff tool is selected.

A. To insert staves

- 1 Select a measure region in a staff. The inserted staff will appear *above* this one.
- 2 From the Staff menu, choose New Staves (with Setup Wizard).

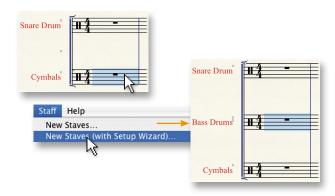
B. To delete staves

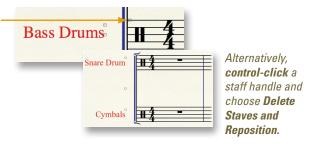
- 1 Click the Staff Handle for the staff you would like to delete.
- Press + delete. Finale removes the staff and repositions adjacent staves accordingly.

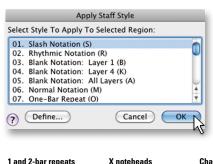
C. To apply staff styles

Staff Styles can be used to apply a notation style, such as the following, to a portion of a staff.

- Select the measure region.
- From the Staff menu, choose Apply Staff Style To > Score and Parts.
- Choose the desired Staff Style and click OK.



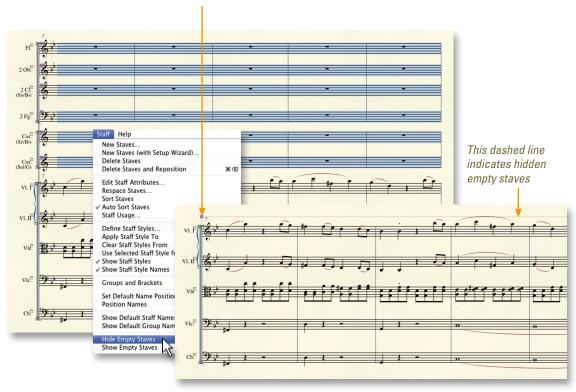






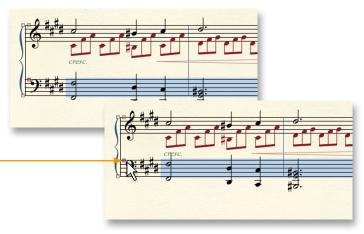
D. To hide an empty staff in a system

- Select a region including the empty staves.
- 2 From the Staff menu, choose Hide Empty Staves.
- To show hidden staves, control-click this handle and choose Show All.



E. To move staves

Click a staff handle and drag to move it vertically for one system only. (Double-click the handle and drag to position the staff in all systems.)



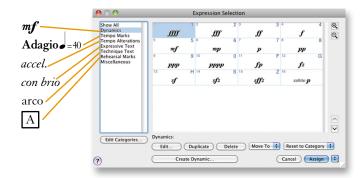
See "To move staves" in the User Manual for more details.

Markings and Text

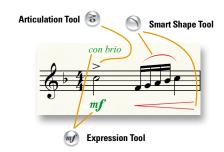
Most markings and text are added with one of three tools; the *Expression tool, Articulation tool,* or *Smart Shape tool.* In this section, you will learn how to easily add these figures, and which tool to use.

A. Adding expressions 🚳

Six different types of figures are added with expressions, each with its own category:



Note: Expressions and articulations affect playback.



To add an expression:

- 1 Click the Expression tool W.
- 2 Double-click the score.
- 3 Choose the category.
- 4 Double-click the expression.

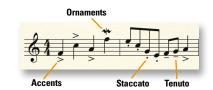
To add multiple expressions:

- 1 Click the Expression tool .
- 2 Drag-select a region of notes.
- 3 Choose the category.
- 4 Double-click the expression.

B. Adding articulations 🗟

Articulations are markings attached to a single note, including:





If you don't see the expression or articulation you need, click **Create** to define a new custom marking.

To add an articulation to a single note:

- 1 Click the Articulation tool 🗟 .
- 2 Click the note.
- 3 Double-click the articulation.

To add an articulation to multiple notes:

- 1 Click the Articulation tool 🗟 .
- 2 Drag-select a region of notes.
- 3 Click Select.
- Double-click the articulation.
- 6 Click OK.

C. Adding slurs and hairpins

Lines, curves, and other shapes are added with the *Smart Shape tool*.



To add a Smart Shape:

- 1 Click the Smart Shape tool .
- Choose the desired tool from the **Smart Shape** palette.
- 3 Double-click and drag to add the Smart Shape.





21 MARKINGS AND TEXT MACINTOSH MACINTOSH MACINTOSH MARKINGS AND TEXT 2

D. Adding text (A)

Titles, subtitles, composer, arranger, lyricist, and other text that does not need to adjust with the music is added with the *Text tool*.



To set or edit a document's title page text:

- 1 From the File Menu, choose File Info.
- 2 Enter the page text information in the File Info dialog box.
- 3 Click OK.

		File Info	
Title:	Sonata Op. 27, No.	2	
Subtitle:	Sonata quazi una F	antasia	
Composer:	Beethoven		
Arranger:			
Lyricist:			
Copyright:			
Description:			
Score Name Insert:	Score		
	Initials Date	Application	
Created:	3/22/06	Finale 2006c.r1 for Windows	
Modified:	5/18/09	Finale 2010.rc4 for Macintosh	
)			Statistics Cancel OK

To enter Lyrics, use the Lyrics tool 🚳 .

To add other text on a page:

- Double-click to display the text frame.
- 2 Type the desired text, or, choose an insert.

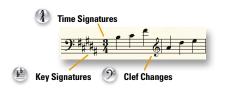


To add a text insert, choose **Text > Insert**.

Key Signatures, Time Signatures, and Clefs

To change the key, time, or clef:

- 1 Choose the Selection tool 🖭
- 2 Control-click a measure.
- Choose the **Key Signature**, **Time Signature** or **Clef** command and choose the desired option.





A. To define a key signature 🖺

- 1 Click the Key Signature tool 🖺 .
- Double-click a measure.
- 3 Use the slider next to the key signature preview to specify the key.
- 4 Click **OK**.



B. To define a time signature 1

- 1 Click the Time Signature tool 1.
- 2 Double-click a measure.
- 3 Use the **Number of Beats** slider to specify the number of beats per measure.
- Use the Beat Duration slider to specify the duration of each beat (e.g. eighth, quarter, etc.).
- Click OK.



C. To define a clef change 🎱

- 1 Click the Clef tool 2.
- 2 Double-click a measure.
- 3 Double-click the desired clef.

To create a mid-measure clef change, select a partial measure before you double-click.



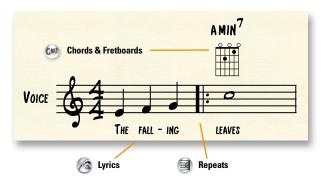


See "Selecting Music" in the User Manual for information on how to select partial measures.

Lyrics, Chords, and Repeats

A. To type-in lyrics 🚳

- 1 After the notes are entered, click the Lyrics tool 3.
- 2 From the Lyrics menu, check Type Into Score.
- 3 Click a note to display a blinking cursor beneath the staff.
- Type a syllable and then press spacebar to advance. Use - (dash) to add hyphens between syllables.





The Lyrics window allows you to easily edit syllables, paste text from other programs, and click-assign lyrics.

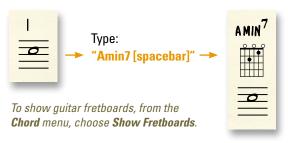


Search "Lyrics window" in the User Manual for more details.

B. To type-in chord symbols [9]

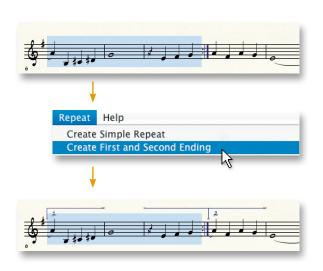
- 1 Click the **Chord** tool 🐠.
- Click to display a cursor above the staff.
- Type the chord root and suffix. For example, "Amin7".
- 4 Press **spacebar**. Finale converts your text to a chord symbol.

When typing chord symbols, use "b" for flat and "#" for sharp.



C. To create repeats with 1st and 2nd endings 🗐

- 1 Click the **Repeat** tool 🗐 .
- Select the first ending measures.
- 3 From the Repeat menu, choose Create First and Second Endings.
- 4 Select the first measure of the repeated section.
- From the Repeat menu, choose Create Format Repeat Bar.



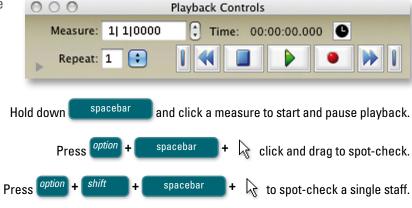
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LYRICS, CHORDS, AND REPEATS MACINTOSH MACINTOSH LYRICS, CHORDS, AND REPEATS

Playback

A. Playback Controls

The Playback Controls give you standard buttons for controlling the playback of your score.



Click the speaker icon in the Playback Controls and choose **Leftmost Measure** to begin playback at the leftmost visible measure.

B. To change the playback tempo

If you have not defined a tempo marking

- 1 In the Playback Controls, click the expand triangle , then click the **Tempo** popup menu and choose the desired note duration.
- Enter the number of beats per minute in the adjacent text box.



C. Human Playback®

The proper performance of any piece of music depends on the genre and style. For example, you wouldn't expect a jazz piece to be performed the same way as a classical sonata. Tell Finale how you want your piece performed using *Human Playback*. Human Playback performs the music in the style specified, and even interprets the markings you've added. To choose a Human Playback style, from the MIDI/Audio menu, choose Human Playback, and then select the desired style.

To enable or disable Human Playback

- Click the From the MIDI/Audio menu, choose

 Human Playback and then select the desired style.
- To turn off Human Playback, from the MIDI/Audio menu, choose Human Playback > None.

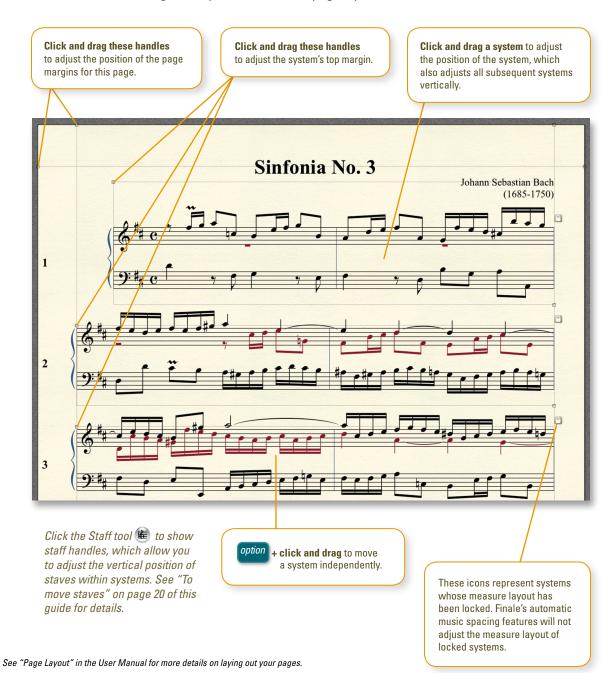


Choose MIDI/Audio menu > Human Playback > Jazz to activate the Swing option in the expanded Playback Controls.

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Page Layout 1

Adjusting the position of systems and page margins should be the final step before printing your score. Use the following techniques to finalize the page layout:



Sharing Your Music

A. To print your score

To print, press ** P and click **OK**.



To create a PDF, instead of clicking Print, click **PDF** and choose **Save as PDF**.

See "Printing" in the User Manual for details.

B. To export an audio file

- From the File menu, choose Export to Audio File.
- Choose a location and filename.
- 3 Click the Format popup menu and select the desired file format.
- Click Save.



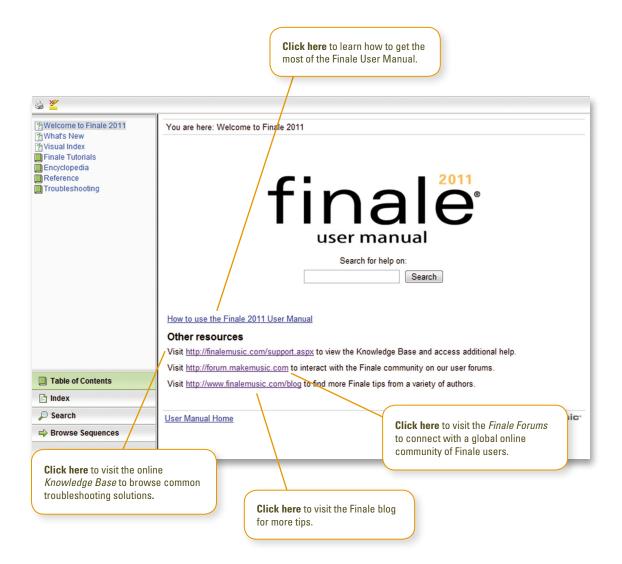
Anyone can open, view, play and print your Finale files by downloading the free Finale Reader™ at **www.finalemusic.com/reader**.

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More Finale Help Resources

To open the Finale User Manual:

From the **Help** menu, choose **User Manual**, or click a help button ?

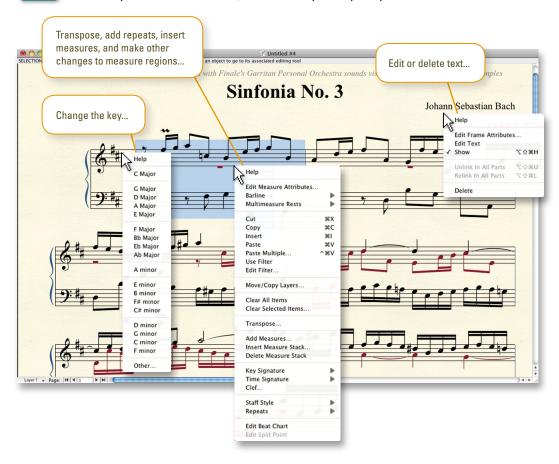


From the **Help** menu, choose **QuickStart Videos** to watch helpful demos about how to use Finale.

EFFICIENCY TIPS

Using Contextual Menus 🐿

control + click to open contextual menus, which allow you to quickly...



or, choose from one of the many other options. By context-clicking a region you can perform a multitude of additional tasks:

- Edit measure attributes
- Change the barline style
- Create or break multimeasure rests
- Cut, copy, or paste
- Transpose

- Add, insert, or delete measures
- Change the key, meter, or clef
- Apply alternate notation

EFFICIENCY TIPS: USING CONTEXTUAL MENUS

Add repeats

Metatools

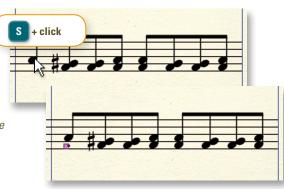
Metatools are programmable keyboard shortcuts you can use to quickly add markings to your score.

A. Using Articulation and Expression metatools 🗟 🐨

To add an articulation or expression using a metatool:

- Click the **Articulation** or **Expression** tool **W**.
- Hold down the metatool key and click.

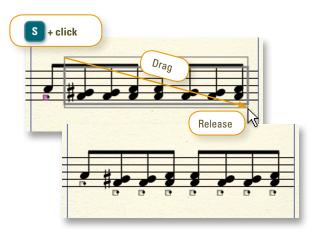
Use the same method to quickly enter key signatures, time signatures, and clefs (with their respective tool chosen).



"S" is the default Articulation metatool key for a staccato marking.

To add the marking to multiple notes:

- Hold down the metatool key.
- Click and drag to surround notes in a box.
- Release the mouse button.



B. Using Smart Shape metatools

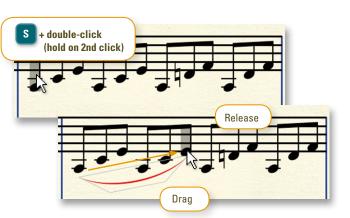


Use metatools for slurs, hairpins, lines, and other shapes as a convenient substitute for clicking icons on the Smart Shape palette and using the Custom Smart Shape tool.

To add a slur using a metatool:

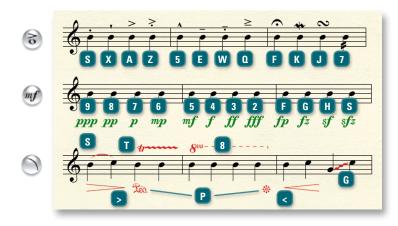
- Click the **Smart Shape** tool .
- Hold down the S key.
- Double-click a note, holding on the second click, and drag to the destination note.
- Release the mouse button.

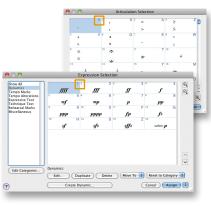
Simply hold down the metatool key and double-click to add note-attached Smart Shapes, like tab slides.



"S" is the default Smart Shape metatool key for slur markings.

Common metatools





Articulation and expression metatools are listed in the Articulation Selection and Expression Selection dialog boxes. Look to the upper right of each listing.

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See section "C" for more metatool keys and to find a listing of all articulation and expression metatools.

Search for "metatools" in the User Manual for more information, including how to program custom metatool keystrokes.

D. Using metatools with Simple Entry 🕖



Articulations and Expressions, as well as key, clef, and time signature changes can be added using metatool keys while entering notes in Simple Entry.

- Choose the **Simple Entry** tool .
- Select a note and press * to add an articulation—laptop users press *
 - $^{ extsf{X}}$ to add an expression $oldsymbol{f}$



- shift option for a *key signature* change $\, {}^{m{x}}_{\!\!\! 2}$
- Press the metatool key, in this case, S
- Or, if you don't know the key, press Enter.
- Highlight the option from the list and press Enter.

